# **GLOBAL GOLD CORP**

# FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

# Filed 08/22/11 for the Period Ending 06/30/11

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CIK 0000319671

Symbol GBGD

SIC Code 1040 - Gold And Silver Ores

Industry Gold & Silver

Sector Basic Materials

Fiscal Year 12/31

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

# **QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

	For the quarterly period	ended June 30, 2011			
	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION	ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EX	XCHANGE A	ACT	
	For the transition period from	to			
	Commission file nu	nber 02-69494			
	GLOBAL GOLD (	CORPORATIO	N		
	(Exact name of small busine	ess issuer in its charter)	<del></del>		
	DELAWARE tate or other jurisdiction of orporation or organization)  555 Theodore Fremd Ave	(IRS Identi	5-3025550 S Employer ification No.)		
	(Address of principal	_			
	(914) 925 (Issuer's telepho				
	Not appli (Former name, former address and former to		st report)		
1934 during the precedi	whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required ng 12 months (or for such shorter period that the rents for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 🗆	•			•
File required to be subm	whether the registrant has submitted electronically nitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation that the registrant was required to submit and post	on S-T (§232.405 of this chapt		•	
	whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, a ons of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer".				
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer			
Non-accelerated filer	☐ (Do not check if smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	X		
Indicate by check mark	whether the registrant is a shell company (as defin	ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Excha	ange Act).	Yes □	No ⊠

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

No □ . Not applicable.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes



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# PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Financial Statements.**

# GLOBAL GOLD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(An Exploration Stage Company)

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

# **ASSETS**

		June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
CURDENT ACCETS.	(	(Unaudited)		(Audited)	
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash	\$	334,446	\$	14,083	
Inventories	Ф	826,652	Ф	740,096	
Tax refunds receivable		123,531		106,910	
Prepaid expenses		13,975		7,705	
Other current assets		98,165		38,369	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,396,769		907,163	
LICENSES, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,991,813 and \$1,842,655, respectively		1,218,123		1,367,281	
ASSETS HELD FOR SALE, net of accumulated amortization of \$540,518 and \$498,939, respectively				1 164 226	
DEPOSITS ON CONTRACTS AND EQUIPMENT		1,123,127		1,164,226	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,641,676 and		1,089,143		1,002,195	
\$2,442,299, respectively		1,206,055		1,570,241	
	\$	6,033,217	\$	6,011,106	
				· · ·	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,013,050	\$	2,263,998	
Wages payable		765,445		1,024,423	
Employee loans		273,645		286,170	
Advance from customer		168,722		168,722	
Deposit on sale of property		1,000,000		250,000	
Secured line of credit - short term portion		684,000		588,000	
Current portion of note payable to Directors		4,127		27,627	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,908,989		4,608,940	
SECURED LINE OF CREDIT - LONG TERM PORTION		1,857,615		2,238,486	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,766,604		6,847,426	
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:					
Common stock \$0.001 par, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 83,040,475 and 79,190,475 at June					
30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, shares issued and outstanding		83,041		79,191	
Additional paid-in-capital		37,659,145		37,064,893	
Accumulated deficit prior to development stage		(2,907,648)		(2,907,648)	
Deficit accumulated during the development stage		(38,075,734)		(37,643,409)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2,507,809		2,570,653	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(733,387)		(836,320)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

# GLOBAL GOLD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(An Exploration Stage Company)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Cumulative

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mon Jun	amount from January 1, 1995 through	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)
	(Chaddited)	(Chaddited)	(Chadartea)	(Chaddited)	(Chadarea)
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,943	\$ 551,152
COST OF GOODS SOLD				32,855	189,998
GROSS PROFIT	-	-	-	62,088	361,154
(INCOME)/EXPENSES:					
General and administrative	857,465	420,766	1,275,272	823,070	22,708,599
Mining and exploration costs	404,949	129,283	476,576	215,714	15,070,565
Amortization and depreciation	193,680	274,337	429,027	544,861	5,534,107
Write-off on investment	-	-	-	-	176,605
Gain on sale of investment	-	-	-	-	(2,779,778)
Loss/(Gain) from investment in joint ventures	-	(192,977)	-	(192,977)	(2,523,701)
Interest expense	109,977	156,044	224,316	289,609	1,907,950
Bad debt expense	-	-	-	-	151,250
Loss on foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	193,852
Gain on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	-	(289,766)
Other income	(1,722,460)	-	(1,972,460)	-	(1,972,460)
Interest income	(379)	(1,751)	(406)	(1,833)	(364,557)
TOTAL (INCOME)/EXPENSES	(156,768)	785,702	432,325	1,678,444	37,812,666
Gain/(Loss) from Continuing Operations	156,768	(785,702)	(432,325)	(1,616,356)	(37,451,512)
Discontinued Operations:					
Loss from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	386,413
Loss on disposal of discontinued					
operations					237,808
Net Gain/(Loss) Applicable to Common					
Shareholders	156,768	(785,702)	(432,325)	(1,616,356)	(38,075,733)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(104,943)	34,995	(62,844)	178,590	2,154,335
Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments		(5,477)		(5,477)	353,475
Comprehensive Net Gain/(Loss)	\$ 51,825	<u>\$ (756,184)</u>	<u>\$ (495,169)</u>	\$ (1,443,243)	\$ (35,567,923)
NET LOSS PER SHARE-BASIC AND DILUTED					
BASIC	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.04)	
DILUTED	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.04)	

WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES O UTSTANDING

BASIC	79,613,002	41,152,856	79,402,906	41,152,856
DILUTED	82,213,002	41,152,856	79,402,906	41,152,856

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

# GLOBAL GOLD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)	January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)	Cumulative amount from January 1, 1995 through June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net loss	\$ (432,32	5) \$ (1,616,356)	\$ (38,075,734)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating			
activities:	20.27	20.526	2.07 < 2.12
Amortization of unearned compensation	28,37		3,876,343
Stock option expense	4,72		1,191,716
Amortization expense	190,73		2,758,015
Depreciation expense	238,29		3,002,000
Stock based compensation	240,00	0 -	306,613
Write-off of investment			176,605
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations		-	237,808
Gain from investment in joint ventures		- (192,977)	
Gain on extinguishment of debt			(289,766)
Gain on sale of investments			(2,779,778)
Bad debt expense			151,250
Other non-cash expenses			155,567
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Other current and non current assets	(256,19	1) 16,582	(2,481,783)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(289,22	8) 344,340	2,731,041
Accrued interest	25,75	5 247,314	1,099,702
Wages payable	41,02	2 151,623	1,065,445
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(208,83	8) (469,361)	(29,348,657)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
	(2.15	(104.055)	(4.541.712)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(3,15		
Proceeds from sale of mining interest	750,00	0 -	3,891,155
Proceeds from sale of Tamaya Common Stock Proceeds from sale of investment in common stock of Sterlite		-	4,957,737
Gold			246,767
Investment in joint ventures			(260,000)
Investment in mining licenses		<u>-                                      </u>	(5,756,101)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED) IN INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES	746,84	4 (104,855)	(1,462,155)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net proceeds from private placement offering		_	18,155,104
Repurchase of common stock			(25,000)
Advance from customer		- 432,246	168,722
Proceeds from secured line of credit		- 2,500,000	3,189,374
Repayment of secured line of credit	(244,44		
Note payable to Directors	(244,44	·	(885,778) 4,379,829
Warrants exercised	25,00		2,597,250
			,, <del></del>
NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY/(USED) IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(242,94	1) 2,964,746	27,579,501

EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH		25,298		84,654		3,554,405
NET INCREASE IN CASH		220.262		2 475 104		222.004
NET INCREASE IN CASH		320,363		2,475,184		323,094
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - beginning of period		14,083		29,551		11,352
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - end of period	\$	334,446	\$	2,504,735	\$	334,446
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION						
SUFFLEMENTAL CASHTLOW INFORMATION						
Income taxes paid	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,683
Interest paid	\$	197,396	\$	6,237	\$	540,535
Noncash Transactions:						
Noncasii Italisactions.						
Stock issued for deferred compensation	\$	_	\$		\$	3,871,217
Stock forfeited for deferred compensation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	742,500
Stock issued for mine acquisition	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,227,500
Stock issued for notes payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,337,643
Stock issued for wages payable	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	300,000
Stock cancelled for receivable settlement	\$		\$	-	\$	77,917
Mine acquisition costs in accounts payables	\$	-	\$		\$	50,697
Stock forfeited for deferred compensation Stock issued for mine acquisition Stock issued for notes payable Stock issued for wages payable Stock cancelled for receivable settlement	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	300,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	742,500 1,227,500 5,337,643 300,000 77,917

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

#### GLOBAL GOLD CORPORATION

(An Exploration Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

June 30, 2011

## 1. ORGANIZATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, AND BASIS FOR PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements present the available exploration stage activities information of the Company from January 1, 1995, the period commencing the Company's operations as Global Gold Corporation (the "Company" or "Global Gold") and Subsidiaries, through June 30, 2011.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all necessary adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) have been made to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the December 31, 2010 annual report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year ended December 31, 2011. The Company operates in a single segment of activity, namely the acquisition of certain mineral property, mining rights, and their subsequent development.

The consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2011, and for the period then ended were prepared assuming that the Company would continue as a going concern. Since its inception, the Company, an exploration stage company, has generated revenues of \$551,152 (other than interest income, the proceeds from the sales of interests in mining ventures, and the sale of common stock of marketable securities) while incurring operating losses of approximately \$38 million. Management has held discussions with additional investors and institutions interested in financing the Company's projects. However, there is no assurance that the Company will obtain the financing that it requires or will achieve profitable operations. The Company is expected to incur additional losses for the near term until such time as it would derive substantial revenues from the Chilean and Armenian mining interests acquired by it or other future projects in Armenia or Chile. These matters raised substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplated the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The accompanying consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2011 and for the period then ended did not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Global Gold is currently in the exploration stage. It is engaged in exploration for, and development and mining of, gold, silver, and other minerals in Armenia, Canada and Chile. Until March 31, 2011, the Company's headquarters were located in Greenwich, Connecticut and as of April 1, 2011 the Company's headquarters are in Rye, NY. Its subsidiaries maintain offices and staff in Yerevan, Armenia, and Santiago, Chile. The Company was incorporated as Triad Energy Corporation in the State of Delaware on February 21, 1980 and, as further described below, conducted other business prior to January 1, 1995. During 1995, the Company changed its name from Triad Energy Corporation to Global Gold Corporation to pursue certain gold and copper mining rights in the former Soviet Republics of Armenia and Georgia. The Company has not established proven and probable reserves, in accordance with SEC Industry Guide 7, at any of its properties. The Company's stock is publicly traded. The Company employs approximately 100 people globally on a year round basis and an additional 200 people on a seasonal basis.

In Armenia, the Company's focus is primarily on the exploration, development and production of gold at the Tukhmanuk property in the North Central Armenian Belt. The Company is also focused on the exploration and development of the Marjan and an expanded Marjan North property. In addition, the Company is exploring and developing other sites in Armenia, including the Company's Getik property. The Company also holds royalty and participation rights in other locations in the country through affiliates and subsidiaries.

In Chile, the Company's focus is primarily on the exploration, development and production of gold at the Pureo property in south central Chile, near Valdivia. The Company is also engaged in identifying exploration and production opportunities at other locations in Chile.

In Canada, the Company has engaged in uranium exploration activities in the provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, but has phased out this activity, retaining a royalty interest in the Cochrane Pond property in Newfoundland.

The Company also assesses exploration and production opportunities in other countries.

The subsidiaries of which the Company operates are as follows:

On January 24, 2003, the Company formed Global Oro LLC and Global Plata LLC, as wholly owned subsidiaries, in the State of Delaware. These companies were formed to be equal joint owners of a Chilean limited liability company, Minera Global Chile Limitada ("Minera Global"), formed as of May 6, 2003, for the purpose of conducting operations in Chile.

On August 18, 2003, the Company formed Global Gold Armenia LLC ("GGA"), as a wholly owned subsidiary, which in turn formed Global Gold Mining LLC ("Global Gold Mining"), as a wholly owned subsidiary, both in the State of Delaware. Global Gold Mining was qualified to do business as a branch operation in Armenia and owns assets, royalty and participation interests, as well as shares of operating companies in Armenia.

On December 21, 2003, Global Gold Mining acquired 100% of the Armenian limited liability company SHA, LLC (renamed Global Gold Hankavan, LLC ("GGH") as of July 21, 2006), which held the license to the Hankavan and Marjan properties in Armenia. On December 18, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with Caldera outlining the terms of a joint venture on the Company's Marjan property in Armenia ("Marjan JV"). On March 12, 2010, GGH transferred the rights, title and interest for the Marjan property to Marjan Mining Company, a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Armenia ("Marjan RA"). An involuntary bankruptcy petition was filed against GGH which was granted and is currently on appeal. On June 18, 2010, the Company closed Marjan JV leaving the Company with a 45% interest. On October 7, 2010, the Company terminated the Marjan JV for Caldera's non-payment and non-performance. See Legal Matters and Subsequent Events for an update on the Marjan JV.

On August 1, 2005, Global Gold Mining acquired 51% of the Armenian limited liability company Mego-Gold, LLC, which is the licensee for the Tukhmanuk mining property and seven surrounding exploration sites. On August 2, 2006, Global Gold Mining acquired the remaining 49% interest of Mego-Gold, LLC, leaving Global Gold Mining as the owner of 100% of Mego-Gold, LLC. See Agreements Section for an update on Mego-Gold, LLC.

On January 31, 2006, Global Gold Mining closed a transaction to acquire 80% of the Armenian company, Athelea Investments, CJSC (renamed "Getik Mining Company, LLC") and it's approximately 27 square kilometer Getik gold/uranium exploration license area in the northeast Geghargunik province of Armenia. As of May 30, 2007, Global Gold Mining acquired the remaining 20% interest in Getik Mining Company, LLC, leaving Global Gold Mining as the owner of 100% of Getik Mining Company, LLC. See Agreements Section for an update on Getik Mining Company, LLC.

On January 5, 2007, the Company formed Global Gold Uranium, LLC ("Global Gold Uranium"), as a wholly owned subsidiary, in the State of Delaware, to operate the Company's uranium exploration activities in Canada.

On August 9, 2007 and August 19, 2007, the Company, through Minera Global, entered agreements to form a joint venture and on October 29, 2007, the Company closed its joint venture agreement with members of the Quijano family ("Quijano") by which Minera Global assumed a 51% interest in the placer and hard rock gold Madre de Dios and Pureo properties in south central Chile, near Valdivia. The name of the joint venture company is Compania Minera Global Gold Valdivia S.C.M. ("Global Gold Valdivia" or "GGV"). On August 14, 2009, the Company amended the above agreement whereby Global Gold Valdivia became wholly owned by the Company and retained only the Pureo Claims Block (approximately 8,200 hectares), transferring the Madre De Dios claims block to the sole ownership to members of the Quijano family. On October 27, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with Conventus Ltd. a BVI corporation ("Conventus") for the sale of 100% interest in GGV. See Agreements Section for an update on GGV.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements present the available exploration stage activities information of the Company from January 1, 1995, the period commencing the Company's operations as Global Gold Corporation and Subsidiaries, through June 30, 2011.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents consist of all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity of three months or less when purchased and are carried at fair value.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - The Company adopted FASB ASC 820-Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or operating results, but did expand certain disclosures.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Ovservable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The Company did not have any Level 2 or Level 3 assets or liabilities as of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010.

The Company discloses the estimated fair values for all financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. As of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, the fair value short-term financial instruments including cash, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximates book value due to their short-term duration.

Cash and cash equivalents include money market securities and commercial paper that are considered to be highly liquid and easily tradable. These securities are valued using inputs observable in active markets for identical securities and are therefore classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

In addition, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," effective for January 1, 2008. This guidance expands opportunities to use fair value measurements in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The Company did not elect the fair value option for any of its qualifying financial instruments.

Inventories - Inventories consists of the following at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	 June 30, 2011	De	cember 31, 2010
Ore	\$ 585,561	\$	560,560
Concentrate	32,090		3,994
Materials, supplies and other	209,001		175,542
Total Inventories	\$ 826,652	\$	740,096

Ore inventories consist of unprocessed ore at the Tukhmanuk mining site in Armenia. The unprocessed ore and concentrate are stated at the lower of cost or market.

Deposits on Contracts and Equipment - The Company has made several deposits for purchases, the majority of which is for the potential acquisition of new properties, and the remainder for the purchase of mining equipment.

Tax Refunds Receivable - The Company is subject to Value Added Tax ("VAT tax") on all expenditures in Armenia at the rate of 20%. The Company is entitled to a credit against this tax towards any sales on which it collects VAT tax. The Company is carrying a tax refund receivable based on the value of its in-process inventory which it intends on selling in the next twelve months, at which time they will collect 20% VAT tax from the purchaser which the Company will be entitled to keep and apply against its credit.

Net Loss Per Share - Basic net loss per share is based on the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding. Potential common shares includable in the computation of fully diluted per share results are not presented in the consolidated financial statements as their effect would be anti-dilutive. The total number of warrants plus options that are exercisable at June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010 was 4,900,417 and 6,950,417, respectively.

As a result, our net loss was \$432,325, or \$0.01 per share basic and diluted for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as compared with a net loss of \$1,616,356, or \$0.04 per share basic and diluted for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Our net incomewas \$156,768, or \$0.00 per share basic and diluted for the three months ended June 30, 2011, as compared to net loss of \$785,702, or \$0.02 per share basic and diluted for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

Stock Based Compensation - The Company periodically issues shares of common stock for services rendered or for financing costs. Such shares are valued based on the market price on the transaction date. The Company periodically issues stock options and warrants to employees and non-employees in non-capital raising transactions for services and for financing costs.

The Company accounts for the grant of stock and warrants awards in accordance with ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation (ASC 718). ASC 718 requires companies to recognize in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of warrants and stock options and other equity based compensation.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility.

For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, net loss and loss per share include the actual deduction for stock-based compensation expense. The total stock-based compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$273,102 and \$35,252, respectively. The expense for stock-based compensation is a non-cash expense item.

Comprehensive Income - The Company has adopted ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income." Comprehensive income is comprised of net income (loss) and all changes to stockholders' equity (deficit), except those related to investments by stockholders, changes in paid-in capital and distribution to owners.

The following table summarizes the computations reconciling net loss to comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

	Si	Six Months Ending June 30,			
	_	2011	2010		
Net loss	\$	(432,325) \$	(1,616,356)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(62,844)	178,590		
Unrealized gain arising			(5,477)		
Comprehensive loss	\$	(495,169) \$	(1,443,243)		

Income Taxes - Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

Acquisition, Exploration and Development Costs - Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized. Additionally, mine development costs incurred either to develop new ore deposits and constructing new facilities are capitalized until operations commence. All such capitalized costs are amortized using a straight-line basis on a range from 1-10 years, based on the minimum original license term at acquisition, but do not exceed the useful life of the capitalized costs. Upon commercial development of an ore body, the applicable capitalized costs would then be amortized using the units-of-production method. Exploration costs, costs incurred to maintain current production or to maintain assets on a standby basis are charged to operations. Costs of abandoned projects are charged to operations upon abandonment. The Company evaluates, at least quarterly, the carrying value of capitalized mining costs and related property, plant and equipment costs, if any, to determine if these costs are in excess of their net realizable value and if a permanent impairment needs to be recorded. The periodic evaluation of carrying value of capitalized costs and any related property, plant and equipment costs are based upon expected cash flows and/or estimated salvage value in accordance with ASC Topic 360, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

Foreign Currency Translation - The assets and liabilities of non-U.S. subsidiaries are translated into U.S. Dollars at year-end exchange rates. Income and expense items are translated at average exchange rates during the year. Cumulative translation adjustments are shown as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

Principles of Consolidation - Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and include the accounts of the Company and more-than-50%-owned subsidiaries that it controls. Inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization - Capitalized costs are depreciated or depleted using the straight-line method over the shorter of estimated productive lives of such facilities or the useful life of the individual assets. Productive lives range from 1 to 20 years, but do not exceed the useful life of the individual asset. Determination of expected useful lives for amortization calculations are made on a property-by-property or asset-by-asset basis at least annually.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets - Management reviews and evaluates the net carrying value of all facilities, including idle facilities, for impairment at least annually, or upon the occurrence of other events or changes in circumstances that indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. We estimate the net realizable value of each property based on the estimated undiscounted future cash flows that will be generated from operations at each property, the estimated salvage value of the surface plant and equipment and the value associated with property interests. All assets at an operating segment are evaluated together for purposes of estimating future cash flows.

Licenses - Licenses are capitalized at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis on a range from 1 to 10 years, but do not exceed the useful life of the individual license. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, amortization expense totaled \$190,737 and \$232,307, respectively.

Reclamation and Remediation Costs (Asset Retirement Obligations) - Costs of future expenditures for environmental remediation are not discounted to their present value unless subject to a contractually obligated fixed payment schedule. Such costs are based on management's current estimate of amounts to be incurred when the remediation work is performed, within current laws and regulations. The Company has accrued approximately \$30,000 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 which it needs to pay towards it environmental costs which remain unpaid as of the date of this filing.

It is possible that, due to uncertainties associated with defining the nature and extent of environmental contamination and the application of laws and regulations by regulatory authorities and changes in reclamation or remediation technology, the ultimate cost of reclamation and remediation could change in the future.

Revenue Recognition - Sales are recognized and revenues are recorded when title transfers and the rights and obligations of ownership pass to the customer. The majority of the company's metal concentrates are sold under pricing arrangements where final prices are determined by quoted market prices in a period subsequent to the date of sale. In these circumstances, revenues are recorded at the times of sale based on forward prices for the expected date of the final settlement. The Company recognized \$0 and \$94,943, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 of sales from its Tukhmanuk property in Armenia. The Company also possesses Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalty from non-affiliated companies. As the non-affiliated companies recognize revenue, as per above, the Company is entitled to its NSR royalty percentage and royalty income is recognized and recorded. The Company did not recognize any royalty income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

## New Accounting Standards:

A variety of proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under study by standard setting organizations and various regulatory agencies. Due to the tentative and preliminary nature of those proposed standards, management has not determined whether implementation of such proposed standards would be material to our consolidated financial statements.

## 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following table illustrates the capitalized cost less accumulated depreciation arriving at the net carrying value on our books at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	_	June 30, 2011	De	2010
Property, plant and equipment	\$	3,847,731	\$	4,012,540
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,641,676)	_	(2,442,299)
	\$	1,206,055	\$	1,570,241

The Company had depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 of \$238,290 and \$312,554, respectively.

#### 4. OTHER RECEIVABLE

As of June 30, 2011, the Company was owed 500,000 shares of Caldera Common Stock, and a minimum of \$1,100,000 plus interest at 10% from Caldera Resources per the terms of the Marjan JV agreement. The Company has decided to not carry this receivable as an asset, even though the Company is in arbitration to have Caldera perform its obligations, because Caldera has not performed its obligations to Global per the Marjan JV agreement as further described in the Agreements Section and Legal Proceedings.

#### 5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	une 30, 2011	De	2010
Drilling work payable	\$ 238,007	\$	313,324
Accounts payable	1,670,006		1,858,991
Accrued expenses	 105,037		91,683
	\$ 2,013,050	\$	2,263,998

## 6. DEPOSIT ON SALE OF PROPERTY

On October 29, 2010, the Company received an advance of \$250,000 from Conventus Ltd. a BVI corporation ("Conventus") for the sale of 100% interest in the Compania Minera Global Gold Valdivia S.C.M. company ("GGV") which holds the Pureo mining assets in Chile, as further described in the Agreements section below. In the first quarter of 2011, the Company received an additional \$750,000 of funding as required to complete the sale with Conventus. As of June 30, 2011, the Company is carrying the \$1,000,000 deposit as a liability until such time as the Company has finalized the sale agreement in Chile and transferred the licenses to Conventus which it is in the process of completing.

## 7. DEPOSIT ON JOINT VENTURE

On March 17, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with Consolidated Resources USA, LLC, a Delaware company ("CR") for a joint venture on the Company's Toukhmanuk and Getik properties in Armenia. As of March 31, 2011, the Company had received \$250,000 in advance from CR and is carrying the \$250,000 as a liability since the closing had not yet occurred. On April 27, 2011, the Company completed the agreement and has recognized the advance as well as other funding as Other Income. See the Agreements Section for more information on this transaction.

#### 8. SECURED LINE OF CREDIT

The Company had secured a secured line of credit from Arexim bank in Armenia. The Company pledged certain mining equipment with an approximate value of \$817,550 at its Tukhmanuk property against the line of credit. The maximum credit was for \$656,631. The credit accrued interest at approximately 15% per year. In the first quarter of 2011, the Company had paid off the secured line of credit and it was closed.

On March 26, 2010, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Mego Gold, LLC ("Mego") entered into a credit line agreement for 1 billion Armenian Drams (approximately \$2,500,000) with Armbusinessbank Close Joint Stock Company ("ABB") in Yerevan, Armenia. The credit line includes a grace period on repayment until April 20, 2011, is not revolving, may be prepaid at any time, and is to be drawn down towards equipment purchases, construction, and expansion of the existing plant and operations to increase production capacity to 300,000 tonnes of ore per year at Mego's Tukhmanuk property in Armenia. The loan is for a period of 5 years through March 20, 2015, bears interest at 14% for amounts borrowed, and bears interest at 2% for amount available but not borrowed. The loan is made and payable in local AMD currency. As security, 100% of the Mego shares and the mining right certified by the Mining License Agreement #287 with Purpose of Sub-Surface Exploitation and Mining License #HA-L-14/356 issued on August 5, 2005. The balance owed at June 30, 2011 was \$2,541,615 which includes no accrued interest. The balance has increased only due to foreign currency rates as of June 30, 2011 and offset by principal payments made for April 2011 through June 2011.

## 9. SEGMENT REPORTING BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA

The Company sells its products primarily to one customer in Europe. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations on its customers and generally does not require collateral. The Company operates in a single industry segment, production of gold and other precious metals including royalties from other non-affiliated companies production of gold and other precious metals.

For the six months ending June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company had revenues of \$0 and \$94,943, respectively, all in Armenia from a single customer.

The following summarizes identifiable assets by geographic area:

Assets table:

	 June 30, 2011	De	2010
Armenia	\$ 4,834,249	\$	4,833,042
Chile	1,123,986		1,165,085
United States	74,982		12,979
	\$ 6,033,217	\$	6,011,106
The following summerizes enough a losses before provision for income toy.			

The following summarizes operating losses before provision for income tax:

Net Loss table:

	 June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Armenia	\$ 2,120,487	\$ 860,617
Chile	62,701	120,434
United States	(1,750,863)	 635,305
	\$ 432,325	\$ 1,616,356

#### 10. CONCENTRATION RISK

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash. The Company places its cash with high credit quality financial institutions in the United States and Armenia. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, bank deposits in the United States did not exceed federally insured limits. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had approximately \$282,000 and \$9,800, respectively, in Armenian bank deposits and approximately \$800 and \$800, respectively, in Chilean bank deposits, which may not be insured. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts through June 30, 2011 and as of the date of this filing.

The majority of the Company's present activities are in Armenia and Chile. As with all types of international business operations, currency fluctuations, exchange controls, restrictions on foreign investment, changes to tax regimes, political action and political instability could impair the value of the Company's investments.

## 11. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company values shares issued to officers using the fair value of common shares on grant date.

On June 19, 2009, the Company's independent compensation committee and the board of directors authorized employment amendments and extensions to Messrs. Krikorian, Boghossian, Dulman, and Caesar under the same terms of their prior agreements.

On August 12, 2009, the Company finalized employment agreement amendments and extensions under the same terms of their current contracts which were approved on June 19, 2009 by the Company's independent compensation committee of the board of director's to retain key employees, for Messrs. Krikorian, Boghossian, Dulman and Caesar. Annual compensation terms were not increased. Mr. Krikorian's employment agreement was extended for an additional 3 year term from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2012 with an annual salary of \$225,000 and Mr. Krikorian was granted 1,050,000 shares of restricted common stock which will vest in equal semi-annual installments over the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Boghossian's employment agreement was extended for an additional 3 year term from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2012 with an annual salary of \$72,000 and Mr. Boghossian was granted 337,500 shares of restricted common stock which will vest in equal semi-annual installments over the term of his employment agreement.

Mr. Dulman's employment agreement was extended for an additional 3 year term from August 1, 2009 through July 31, 2012 with an annual salary of \$150,000 and Mr. Dulman was granted 225,000 shares of restricted common stock which will vest in equal semi-annual installments over the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Dulman was also granted stock options to purchase 225,000 shares of common stock of the Company at \$0.14 per share (based on the closing price at his renewal) vesting in equal quarterly installments over the term of his employment agreement. Mr. Caesar's employment agreement was extended for an additional year from August 1, 2009 through July 31, 2010 with an annual salary of \$30,000 and Mr. Caesar was granted 20,000 shares of restricted common stock which will vest in equal semi-annual installments over the term of his employment agreement. The option grant was made pursuant to the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The restricted stock is subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture upon termination of employment with the Company during the term of the Employment Agreements.

On August 18, 2010, the Company and Mr. Caesar, the Company's Controller, decided to not extend his contract which ended on July 31, 2010.

On August 19, 2010, Mr. Gallagher received 20,000 shares of restricted common stock and stock options to purchase 100,000 of common stock of the Company. Mr. Gallagher's contract was previously automatically renewed and extended through December 31, 2010. On June 18, 2010, pursuant to Mr. Gallagher's employment agreement extension under his contract and as confirmed by the independent compensation committee and board of directors, Mr. Gallagher was granted 20,000 shares of restricted common stock with 10,000 shares vesting immediately, and 10,000 shares vesting on December 31, 2010. Mr. Gallagher was also granted stock options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company at \$0.10 per share, based on the fair market value on June 18, 2010 when they were authorized, vesting on November 19, 2010. The restricted stock is subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture upon termination of his employment with the Company during the term of the Employment Agreement.

On August 19, 2010, the Company issued as directors fees to each of the five directors (Nicholas Aynilian, Drury J. Gallagher, Harry Gilmore, Ian Hague, and Van Z. Krikorian) stock options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company each at \$0.10 per share, vesting on November 18, 2009. The option grants were made pursuant to the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan and pursuant to the Board's June 18, 2010 decision from which date the options were valued.

On August 19, 2010, the Company declared a stock bonus to Dr. Urquhart of 100,000 shares of common stock at \$0.10 per share for a total value of \$10,000 pursuant to the Board's June 18, 2010 decision from which date the shares were valued.

On May 3, 2011, the Company issued 250,000 restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock at \$0.15 per share to Rasia, FZE as partial compensation for advisory services in connection with the joint venture agreement with Consolidated Resources.

On June 10, 2011, the Company's non-interested members of the Board of Directors approved an offering of up to 2,000,000 restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock, at the current fair market value of \$0.15 per share, in aid of settlement of up to \$300,000 of this debt to extinguish and convert some of the outstanding debt. As of June 23, 2011, the Company has been given acceptance for the entire conversion. The transaction will benefit the Company by reducing the current debt by \$300,000 and eliminating the interest from continuing to accrue on these debts. On June 23, 2011, the Company issued a total of 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock which will be restricted in exchange for the debt cancellation.

On June 23, 2011, the Company issued as directors' fees to each of the six directors (Nicholas Aynilian, Drury J. Gallagher, Harry Gilmore, Ian Hague, Jeffrey Marvin and Van Z. Krikorian) 50,000 restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock at \$0.15 per share for a total value of \$45,000. The shares were issued pursuant to the Board's June 10, 2011 decision from which date the shares were valued.

On June 23, 2011, the Company declared a stock bonus to employees in Armenia and Chile of 800,000 restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock at \$0.15 per share for a total value of \$120,000. The shares were issued pursuant to the Board's June 10, 2011 decision from which date the shares were valued.

On June 23, 2011, the Company issued 250,000 restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock at \$0.15 per share to Rasia, FZE as additional partial compensation for advisory services in connection with the joint venture agreement with Consolidated Resources.

Compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$556,403 and \$466,615. The amount of total deferred compensation amortized for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$28,376 and \$30,526.

On February 7, 2008, the Company received a short term loan in the amount of \$260,000, an additional \$280,000 loan on March 10, 2008, and an additional \$300,000 loan on April 14, 2008 (collectively, the "Loans"), from Ian Hague, a director of the Company, which Loans accrued interest, from the day they are issued and until the day they are repaid by the Company, at an annual rate of 10%. The Company promised to repay, in full, the Loan and all the Interest accrued thereon on the sooner of: (1) Mr. Hague's demand after June 6, 2008; or (2) from the proceeds of any financing the company receives over \$1,000,000. The Company may prepay this loan in full at any time. But if it is not repaid by June 10, 2008, Mr. Hague had the right, among other rights available to Mr. Hague under the law, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to Common Stock of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. In addition, Mr. Hague had the right at any time to convert all or a portion of the Loan to the same terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the company. In connection with the Loan, pursuant to the Company's standing policies, including it's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Nominating and Governance Charter, the Board of Directors, acting without the participation of Mr. Hague, reviewed and approved the Loan and its terms, and determined the borrowings to be in the Company's best interest. On May 12, 2008, the Company received an advance of \$1,500,000 and an additional advance of \$800,000 on July 7, 2008 (collectively, the "Advances"), from Mr. Hague. On September 23, 2008, the Company restructured the Loans and the Advances into a new agreement (the "Loan and Royalty") which became effective November 6, 2008. Key terms of the Loan and Royalty include interest accruing from September 23, 2008 until the day the loan is repaid in full at an annual rate of 10% and the Company granting a royalty of 1.75% from distributions to the Company from the sale of gold and all other metals produced from the Madre De Dios property currently included in the Global Gold Valdivia joint venture with members of the Quijano family.

Pursuant to two short-term loan agreements dated April 14, 2009 for \$32,000 and May 4, 2009 for \$20,000 the Company borrowed a total of \$52,000 from one of its directors, Nicholas J. Aynilian. The terms of both agreements included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after June 6, 2009; or (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company receives. In addition, if the loans are not repaid by June 10, 2009, the lender had the right, among other rights available, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan.

On April 16, 2009 and April 27, 2009, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made interest free loans of \$3,000 and \$1,000.

On May 13, 2009, pursuant to a loan agreement, the Company borrowed \$550,000 from two of its directors Ian Hague (\$500,000) and Nicholas J. Aynilian (\$50,000). The terms of the agreement included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after June 1, 2009; (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company; or (3) from the proceeds of the sale of an interest in any Company property. In addition, if the loans are not repaid by June 10, 2009, the lenders had the right, among other rights available, to convert the loans plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The lenders also had right until the loans are repaid at any time to convert the terms of the loans to the terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the Company.

On August 27, 2009 and September 10, 2009, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made interest free loans of \$20,000 and \$1,500.

On September 14, 2009, pursuant to a loan agreement, the Company borrowed an additional \$50,000 from Ian Hague. The terms of the agreement included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after November 1, 2009; (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company; or (3) from the proceeds of the sale of an interest in any Company property. In addition, if the loan is not repaid by December 1, 2009, the lender had the right, among other rights available, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The lender had the right until this and any other loans from him are repaid at any time to convert the terms of all or a portion of this or other loans made to the terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the Company.

On October 29, 2009, pursuant to a loan agreement, the Company borrowed an additional \$60,000 from Ian Hague. The terms of the agreement included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after December 1, 2009; (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company; or (3) from the proceeds of the sale of an interest in any Company property. In addition, if the loan is not repaid by December 31, 2009, the lender has the right, among other rights available, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The lender has the right until this and any other loans from him are repaid at any time to convert the terms of all or a portion of this or other loans made to the terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the Company.

On November 12, 2009, pursuant to a loan agreement, the Company borrowed an additional \$10,000 from Ian Hague. The terms of the agreement included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after January 1, 2010; (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company; or (3) from the proceeds of the sale of an interest in any Company property. In addition, if the loan is not repaid by December 31, 2009, the lender had the right, among other rights available, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The lender had the right until this and any other loans from him are repaid at any time to convert the terms of all or a portion of this or other loans made to the terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the Company.

On December 10, 2009, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$2,000 to the Company.

On December 28, 2009, pursuant to a loan agreement, the Company borrowed \$110,000 from Ian Hague. The terms of the agreement included an annual rate of 10% with repayment on the sooner of: (1) demand after February 1, 2010; (2) from the proceeds of any financing the Company; or (3) from the proceeds of the sale of an interest in any Company property. In addition, if the loan is not repaid by January 31, 2010, the lender had the right, among other rights available, to convert the loan plus accrued interest to common shares of the Company at the price calculable and on the terms of the Global Gold Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan. The lender had the right until this and any other loans from him are repaid at any time to convert the terms of all or a portion of this or other loans made to the terms provided to any third party investor or lender financing the Company.

On February 2, 2010, one of the Company's Directors, Nicholas J. Aynilian, made an interest free loan of \$5,000 to the Company. The Company repaid \$2,500 to Mr. Aynilian on March 1, 2010.

On March 29, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$20,000.

On May 20, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$5,000.

On June 30, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$5,000.

On July, 15, 2010, July 26, 2010, August 17, 2010, September 1, 2010 and September 14, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made interest free loans of \$5,000, \$7,500, \$3,000, \$3,000 and \$6,000, respectively, to the Company.

On July 1, 2010, July, 15, 2010, August 2, 2010, August 17, 2010 and September 7, 2010, one of the Company's Directors, Nicholas J. Aynilian, made interest free loans of \$5,000, \$5,000, \$7,500, \$3,000 and \$9,000, respectively, to the Company.

On October 4, 2010, one of the Company's Directors, Nicholas J. Aynilian, made an interest free loan of \$5,000 to the Company.

On October 4, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$5,000 to the Company.

As of October 10, 2010, the Company owed Drury Gallagher, the Company's Director and Treasurer, approximately \$19,350 for expense reimbursement which bears no interest.

As of October 15, 2010, the Company had outstanding loans, as discussed above, plus accrued interest totaling \$5,312,642.95 from three of the Company's Directors, Mr. Ian Hague (\$5,052,262.27), Mr. Nicholas J. Aynilian (\$154,030.68), and Mr. Drury Gallagher (\$106,350). On October 19, 2010, the Company's non-interested members of the Board of Directors approved a restructuring in aid of settlement of all this debt to extinguish and convert this outstanding debt. Pursuant to the restructuring, the loans were cancelled and became convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.15 per share. As of October 22, 2010, the Company had been given acceptance for the entire conversion. The transaction benefited the Company by reducing the current debt by \$5,312,642.95 and eliminating the interest from continuing to accrue on these debts. The Company issued a total of 35,417,619 shares of the Company's common stock which are restricted in exchange for the debt cancellation. The conversion of debt by Mr. Hague did impact his 1.75% NSR royalty on the Pureo property in Chile and remains in force.

On December 28, 2010, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$23,500 to the Company which was repaid as of June 30, 2011.

On January 21, 2011, the Company's Director and Treasurer, Drury Gallagher, made an interest free loan of \$12,500 to the Company which was repaid as of June 30, 2011.

On May 2, 2011, the Company approved amendments to its Charters for the Nominating and Governance Committee, Audit Committee, and Compensation Committee, adopting the corporate governance and director independence provisions of the NYSE Amex.

On June 28, 2011, in connection with its private placement of stock in the Company which closed on December 30, 2008 and pursuant to the decision of the non-interested members of the Board of Directors on October 19, 2010 amending the warrant strike price per share from \$0.15 to \$0.10, the Company had 25,000 warrants exercised, out of 2,250,000 warrants remaining available of the original 4,750,000 issued with the private placement, for a total of \$25,000. The restricted shares of the Company's Common Stock were issued pursuant to the exemptions from registration requirements of the Securities Act under Regulation D based upon representations and covenants provided by the respective purchasers. The Company anticipates that the balance of the 2,250,000 warrants will be exercised.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company owed Drury Gallagher, the Company's Director and Treasurer, approximately \$4,127 for expense reimbursement which bears no interest and remain unpaid as of the date of this filing.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company owes unpaid wages of approximately \$499,000 to management. The Company is accruing interest at an annual rate of 9% on the net of taxes wages owed to management. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had accrued interest of approximately \$72,000.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company had loans due to employees in Armenia of approximately \$274,000 including interest which is accruing at an annual rate of 14%.

#### 12. AGREEMENTS

On August 9, 2007 and August 19, 2007, the Company, through Minera Global, entered agreements to form a joint venture and on October 29, 2007, the Company closed its joint venture agreement with members of the Quijano family by which Minera Global assumed a 51% interest in the placer and hard rock gold Madre de Dios and Pureo properties. The name of the joint venture company is Compania Minera Global Gold Valdivia S.C.M. ("Global Gold Valdivia" or "GGV").

Key agreement terms for the Madre De Dios joint venture agreement include a 1,000,000 euro payment from Global Gold (paid as of October 30, 2007), and the following joint venture terms equity interests set at 51%-49% in favor of Global Gold; of the 3 directors, two (Mr. Krikorian and Dr. Ted Urquhart, Global's Vice President in Santiago) are appointed by Global Gold; Global Gold commits to finance at least one plant and mining operation within 6 months as well as a mutually agreed exploration program to establish proven reserves, if that is successful, two additional plants/operations will be financed; from the profits of the joint venture, Global Gold will pay its partner an extra share based on the following scale of 28 million euros for (a) 5 million ounces of gold produced in 5 years or (b) 5 million ounces of gold proven as reserves according to Canadian National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") standards in 5 years. The 6 month obligation was amended and extended by the October 27, 2007 Pact to a period of 3 years. The definitions of proven and probable reserves in NI 43-101 reports differ from the definitions in SEC Industry Guide 7. Also, the SEC does not recognize the terms "measured resources and indicated resources" or "inferred resources" which are used in NI 43-101 reports. The Company has not financed any plants as of December 31, 2009.

On July 24, 2009, Global Gold entered into an amendment with members of the Quijano family ("Quijano") to the October 29, 2007 Global Gold Valdivia joint venture subject to final board approval on or before July 31, 2009 whereby GGV will become wholly owned by Global Gold and retain only the Pureo Claims Block (approximately 8,200 hectares), transferring the Madre De Dios claims block to the sole ownership to members of the Quijano family. On July 28, 2009, the amendment was approved by the Company's board of directors.

Key terms of the amendment included that on or before August 15, 2009, GGV transfer to Quijano or his designee one hundred percent (100%) interest in the current GGV claims identified as the Madre De Dios Claims Block and Quijano transfer to Global Gold one hundred percent (100%) interest in the GGV, or its designee, and the remaining claims identified as the Pureo Claims Block. All transfers were closed in Santiago, Chile on August 14, 2009 which terminated the joint venture. If GGV does not commence production on a commercial basis on the property being transferred to its sole control pursuant to this agreement within two years (subject to any time taken for permitting purposes), the property shall revert to Quijano. Quijano shall be entitled a 3% NSR royalty interest in all metals produced from the properties retained in GGV up to a maximum of 27 million Euros, subject to Quijano's initial repayment of \$200,000 to Global Gold. For three years, GGV or its designee shall have a right of first refusal on any bona fide offers for all or any part of the properties transferred to Quijano (to be exercised within five (5) days). For three years, Quijano shall also have a right of first refusal on any bona fide offers for all or any part of the properties retained by GGV or its designee (to be exercised within twenty (20) days).

On October 27, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with Conventus Ltd. a BVI corporation ("Conventus") for the sale of 100% interest in the GGV which holds the Pureo mining assets in Chile. The Company will provide Conventus with consulting services and technical assistance for development, production, exploration, and expansion of the GGV mining properties in further consideration of the payment terms below.

Key terms include that Conventus shall pay \$5.0 million USD over four years and two months payable as follows: \$250,000 on or before October 31, 2010; \$250,000 on or before November 30, 2010; \$500,000 at the closing on or before March 31, 2011; \$1,000,000 on or before December 31, 2011; \$1,000,000 on or before December 31, 2012; \$1,000,000 on or before December 31, 2013; and \$1,000,000 on or before December 31, 2014 until \$5,000,000 in total has been paid. If the sale does not close, the Company is responsible for repayment of the \$500,000 in payments made prior to closing based on terms contingent upon the reason for the closing to not occur. Payments to the Company will be secured. As of October 27, 2010, Conventus Ltd shall be solely responsible, at its own expense for all expenses and other matters required by contract or law to comply with conditions related to the Pureo property, and in particular with the July 24, 2009 contractual condition to commence production on a commercial basis on the property being transferred to its sole control pursuant to this agreement on or before August 15, 2011(subject to any time taken for permitting purposes). See Subsequent Events for an update.

As additional consideration, if within seven years, Conventus or any of its successors produces 150,000 ounces of gold from the GGV property or property in Chile which the Company assists GGV or Conventus in acquiring, then Conventus shall or shall cause GGV to pay the Company a one-off and once only \$2,500,000 bonus within 60 days of achieving such production. The closing of the transaction is subject to a definitive agreement and agreement being reached with Mr. Ian Hague, with respect to his royalty to the satisfaction of Conventus.

On March 31, 2011, the Company received the \$500,000 closing payment funding Conventus, per the terms of the agreement above. The total payments made by Conventus are \$1,000,000. Shares of GGV will be transferred in accordance with the agreement but have not been transferred as of the date of this filing.

On October 27, 2009, the Company issued a press release announcing the first stage of approval of reserves for its Toukhmanuk expansion. The Republic of Armenia's State Natural Resources Agency (the "Agency") issued its certificate based on the proposal of the Agency's State Geological Expert Commission made during its October 23, 2009 session. The total ore reserve approved was roughly 21,900,000 tonnes with an average gold grade of 1.62 grams per tonne at a cut off grade of 0.80 grams per tonne and an average silver grade of 4.88 grams per tonne. Total approved reserves in the C1 and C2 categories are roughly 35.614 tonnes (or 1,145,000 ounces) of gold and 107 tonnes (or 3,440,000 ounces) of silver. In its approval, the Agency added that the "approved reserves entirely correspond to the requirements for Measured and Indicated reserves under International Standards."

On November 18, 2009, the Company issued a press release announcing that following up on the issuance of the approving a first stage gold reserve, the Republic of Armenia's State Natural Resources Agency (the "Agency") has delivered its full decision with backup calculations on November 13, 2009 confirming an additional gold resource in the inferred category. The Agency issued its decision based on the proposal of the Agency's State Geological Expert Commission made during its October 23, 2009 session. A copy of the official approval and a partial unofficial translation are available on the company's website www.globalgoldcorp.com .

The approved gold resource in the Inferred category is 35 tonnes (or 1,225,276 ounces), which together with the approved 1.145 million ounces of reserves marks a sharp increase from the 8.0 tonnes approved under GKZ decision N28 of January, 26, 2004. The reserve and resource estimates were concluded at a cutoff grade of 0.8 grams per tonne (please refer to the "Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors" on page 3 of this report).

On December 18, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with Caldera Resources Inc. ("Caldera") outlining the terms for a joint venture on the Company's Marjan property in Armenia ("Marjan JV").

Key terms include that Caldera shall, subject to terms and conditions, earn a 55% interest in the Marjan Gold-Silver-Polymetallic Project after completing a bankable feasibility study on the project or spending US\$3.0M on the property.

As additional consideration, Caldera made a non-refundable US\$50,000 deposit by December 30, 2009 and issued 500,000 shares of the company on a post-consolidated basis. Caldera will also make a payment of US\$100,000 no later than March 30, 2010. A definitive agreement will be signed as soon as possible, upon completion of due diligence review, respective board approvals and any regulatory approval that may be required. The Company received the US\$50,000 deposit on December 29, 2009.

On March 24, 2010, the Company entered into an amended agreement with Caldera establishing the terms for a joint venture on the Company's Marjan property in Armenia ("Marjan JV") which amends the December 18, 2009 agreement.

Key terms include that Caldera shall own 55% of the shares of a newly created joint venture company, become the operator of the project, and be responsible for all expenses. To maintain its 55% interest, Caldera is obligated to spend up to US\$ 3,000,000 on the Property, issue 500,000 shares of Caldera and make a payment of US\$ 100,000 on or before March 30, 2010 to Global Gold Corporation. The joint venture board shall have two Caldera representatives and one Global Gold representative. However, certain actions including adoption of the annual operating and capital budgets require unanimous consent. Should Caldera not perform in accordance with the terms of the Marjan JV, then Global Gold will have 100% interest of the Marjan JV transferred back and Caldera will receive an NSR on the Marjan property equal to .5% for each tranche of US\$ 1,000,000 up to a maximum NSR of 3% without any prorating.

Also under the joint venture agreement Caldera will own 100% in the Marjan Gold-Silver Project by making quarterly payments totaling US\$ 2,850,000, starting September 30, 2010. If Caldera misses one of its quarterly payments based on its failure to raise funds from capital markets, it is entitled to an automatic 30 day extension from each quarterly payment; if Caldera defaults on an extended payment then Caldera shall forfeit its shares of the Marjan JV, be relieved of its investment commitment, but still be liable for the payments to Global Gold which shall accrue interest at 10%, and possibly retain a royalty interest as described above. If Caldera makes its payments and completes its obligations, Global Gold will retain a 1.5% NSR on all production on the Central zone and a 2.5% NSR on all production on the Northern zone. Caldera can prepay the payments, fulfill the investment commitment, and take 100% interest of the JV at any time.

The agreement was subject to approval by the TSX Venture Exchange and the Board of Directors of the respective companies. As of April 30, 2010, Caldera paid the Company \$100,000 and received TSX Venture Exchange approval on the transaction and was waiting for final approval of its 43-101 to finalize the transaction. The parties announced that on June 18, 2010, the transaction was closed, but Caldera did not deliver the 500,000 shares.

On October 7, 2010, the Company terminated the Marjan JV due to lack of performance by Caldera. See Legal Proceedings and Subsequent Events for more information on the Marjan JV termination.

On March 26, 2010, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Mego Gold, LLC ("Mego") entered into a credit line agreement for 1 billion Armenian Drams (approximately \$2,500,000) with Armbusinessbank Close Joint Stock Company ("ABB") in Yerevan, Armenia. The credit line includes a grace period on repayment until April 20, 2011, is not revolving, may be prepaid at any time, and is to be drawn down towards equipment purchases, construction, and expansion of the existing plant and operations to increase production capacity to 300,000 tonnes of ore per year at Mego's Tukhmanuk property in Armenia. The loan is for a period of 5 years through March 20, 2015, bears interest at 14% for amounts borrowed, and bears interest at 2% for amount available but not borrowed. The loan is made and payable in local AMD currency. As security, 100% of the Mego shares and the mining right certified by the Mining License Agreement #287 with Purpose of Sub-Surface Exploitation and Mining License #HA-L-14/356 issued on August 5, 2005.

As of March 17, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with Consolidated Resources USA, LLC, a Delaware company ("CRU") for a joint venture on the Company's Toukhmanuk and Getik properties in Armenia (the "Properties"). Upon payment of the initial consideration ("Initial Consideration") as provided below, Global Gold and CRU will work together for twelve months (the "12 Month Period") to develop the Properties and cause the Properties to be contributed to a new joint venture company "Newco", whose identity and terms will be mutually agreed, (the "JVC"). This agreement enables Global Gold to complete its current Toukhmanuk production expansion to 300,000 tonnes per year and advance exploration in Armenia. Rasia, a Dubai-based principal advisory company, acted as sole advisor on the transaction.

The JVC will (i) own, develop and operate Toukhmanuk and Getik, (ii) be a company listed on an exchange fully admitted to trading and (iii) have no liabilities, obligations, contingent or not, or commitments except pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement. Global Gold's ownership in the JVC shall be the greater value of either 51% or the pro forma value of \$40.0 million in newly issued stock of the JVC at the end of the 12 Month Period. Current Global Gold director Ian Hague and Chairman Van Krikorian will serve on the JVC board, which will reflect the parties' interests. CRU and Global Gold will also form a technical committee to oversee exploration and production matters.

Other key terms include CRU paying initial consideration of \$5,000,000 as a working capital commitment ("Initial Consideration") to Global Gold payable by; a \$500,000 Advance immediately following the execution of the Agreement (the "Advance"); \$1,400,000 payable following the satisfactory completion of due diligence by CRU and the execution of definitive documents in 30 days from the date of this Agreement; and \$3,100,000 according to a separate schedule in advance and payable within 5 business days of the end of every calendar month as needed.

In a proportion to be mutually agreed and payable in 12 months from the date of the signing of a definitive agreement (the "12 Month Period"), \$40.0 million in cash and/or newly issued stock of the JVC and a Net Smelter Royalty, if any, to be defined in the definitive agreement (the "Remaining Consideration"). Any unused working capital from the Initial Consideration is to be added to the Remaining Consideration for payment to Global Gold.

On April 27, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with Consolidated Resources Armenia, an exempt non-resident Cayman Islands company ("CRA"); and its affiliate Consolidated Resources USA ("CRU"), LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, (hereinafter collectively referred to as "CR"), to fund development and form a joint venture on the Company's Toukhmanuk and Getik properties in Armenia (the "Properties")(the "Agreement"). GGC and CRU previously entered into a binding agreement, subject to the satisfactory completion of due diligence, entitled Agreement for Formation of Joint Venture to Develop Properties, dated March 17, 2011 (the "Formation Agreement"). The April 27, 2011 Agreement was entered pursuant to the Formation Agreement.

CR completed its due diligence with satisfaction, and as of the date of the Agreement has completed the funding of the required \$500,000 Advance. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of April 27, 2011 Agreement, CR will complete the funding of the remaining \$4,500,000 of its \$5,000,000 working capital commitment related to Toukhmanuk and Getik ("Initial Consideration") according to an agreed, restricted funding schedule which includes \$1,400,000 payable following the execution of the Agreement and the remaining \$3,100,000 payable over the next 12 months with payments occurring within 5 business days of the end of each calendar month as needed. Mr. Jeffrey Marvin of CR was elected to join the Global Gold Board and attended the Company's annual meeting on June 10, 2011. Rasia, a Dubai-based principal advisory company, acted as sole advisor on the transaction. As of June 30, 2011, the Company has received the full \$1,400,000 funding and has received additional funding payments. See Subsequent Events for an update.

Global Gold and CR will work together for twelve months (the "12 Month Period") from the date of the Agreement to develop the Properties, improve the financial performance and enhance shareholder value. The Agreement enables Global Gold to complete its current Toukhmanuk production expansion to 300,000 tonnes per year and advance exploration in Armenia. Global Gold and CR agree to form a new Joint Venture Company ("JVC") to be established by CR, subject to terms and conditions mutually and reasonably agreed with Global Gold, provided that JVC shall have no liabilities, obligations, contingent or not, or commitments, except pursuant to a shareholders' agreement. Global Gold and CR intend to integrate all of Global Gold's Toukhmanuk and Getik mining and exploration operations into the JVC.

The JVC will (i) own, develop and operate Toukhmanuk and Getik, (ii) be a company listed on an exchange fully admitted to trading or be in the process of being listed on such exchange and (iii) have no liabilities, obligations, contingent or not, or commitments except pursuant to the shareholders agreement. Global Gold's ownership in the JVC shall be the greater value of either 51% or the pro forma value of \$40.0 million in newly issued stock of the JVC at the end of the 12 Month Period. Current Global Gold director Ian Hague and Chairman Van Krikorian will serve on the JVC board, which will reflect the parties' interests. CR and Global Gold will also form a technical committee to oversee exploration and production matters.

The Company rented office space in a commercial building at 45 East Putnam Avenue, Greenwich, CT where it signed a 5-year lease starting on March 1, 2006 at a starting annual rental cost of \$44,200. On October 1, 2006, the Company expanded its office space by assuming the lease of the adjacent office space. The assumed lease had less then one year remaining, through September 30, 2008, at an annual rental cost of \$19,500. The assumed lease was extended for an additional year through September 30, 2009 at an annual rental cost of \$22,860 for that period. The assumed lease was further extended through October 15, 2009 at which point the Company vacated the additional space. Messrs. Gallagher and Krikorian gave personal guarantees of the Company's performance for the first two years of the lease. See Subsequent Events for an update on the Company's office space. As of April 1, 2011, the Company has moved its corporate headquarters from Greenwich, CT to Rye, NY. The new contact information is:

Global Gold Corporation International Corporate Center at Rye 555 Theodore Fremd Avenue, Suite C208

Rye, New York 10580 Tel: 914-925-0020 Fax: 914-925-8860

#### 13. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

GGH, which is the license holder for the Hankavan and Marjan properties, was the subject of corrupt and improper demands and threats from the former Minister of the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources of Armenia, Vardan Avvazian. The Company reported this situation to the appropriate authorities in Armenia and in the United States. Although the Minister took the position that the licenses at Hankavan and Marjan were terminated, other Armenian governmental officials assured the Company to the contrary and Armenian public records confirmed the continuing validity of the licenses. The Company received independent legal opinions that all of its licenses are valid and remain in full force and effect, continued to work at those properties, and engaged international and local counsel to pursue prosecution of the illegal and corrupt practices directed against the subsidiary, including international arbitration. On November 7, 2006, the Company initiated the thirty-day good faith negotiating period (which is a prerequisite to filing for international arbitration under the 2003 SHA, LLC Share Purchase Agreement) with the three named shareholders and one previously undisclosed principal, Mr. Ayvazian The Company filed for arbitration under the rules under the International Chamber of Commerce, headquartered in Paris, France, ("ICC") on December 29, 2006. The forum for this arbitration is New York City, and the hearing is currently still pending. On June 25, 2008, the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York ruled that Mr. Ayvazian was required to appear as a respondent in the ICC arbitration. On September 5, 2008, the ICC International Court of Arbitration ruled that Mr. Ayyazian shall be a party in accordance with the decision rendered on June 25, 2008 by the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York. In addition and based on the US Armenia Bilateral Investment Treaty, Global Gold Mining filed a request for arbitration against the Republic of Armenia for the actions of the former Minister of Environment and Natural Resources with the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes, which is a component agency of the World Bank in Washington, D.C., ("ICSID") on January 29, 2007. On August 31, 2007, the Government of Armenia and Global Gold Mining jointly issued the following statement, "{they} jointly announce that they have suspended the ICSID arbitration pending conclusion of a detailed settlement agreement. The parties have reached a confidential agreement in principle, and anticipate that the final settlement agreement will be reached within 10 days of this announcement." The Company has learned from public records that GeoProMining Ltd., through an affiliate, has become the sole shareholder of an Armenian Company, Golden Ore, LLC, which was granted an illegal and competing license for Hankavan. GeoProMining Ltd. is subject to the 20% obligations as successor to Sterlite Resources, Ltd. As of February 25, 2008 Global Gold Mining has entered into a conditional, confidential settlement agreement with the Government of the Republic of Armenia to discontinue the ICSID arbitration proceedings. This agreement does not affect the pending ICC arbitration involving similar subject matter.

On June 17, 2010, Global Gold Corporation and its subsidiary Global Gold Mining, LLC (collectively "Global") and Caldera Resources, Inc ("Caldera") announced TSX-V approval of their March 24, 2010 joint venture agreement to explore and bring the Marjan property into commercial production. As previously reported, the property is held with a twenty-five year "special mining license," effective April 22, 2008 and expiring April 22, 2033, which expanded the prior license term and substantially increased the license area. The license required payments of annual governmental fees and the performance of work at the property as submitted and approved in the mining plan which includes annual mining at 50,000 tonnes of mineralized rock, as well as exploration work to have additional reserves approved under Armenian Law in order to maintain the licenses in good standing. Caldera advised Global as well as governmental authorities that it would not be complying with the work requirements which prompted 90 day termination notices from the government and the October 7, 2010 joint venture termination notice from Global, which Global had agreed to keep the termination notice confidential until October 15, 2010.

The joint venture agreement provided that Caldera would be solely responsible for license compliance and conducting the approved mining plan, and that "[i]n the event that Caldera does not, or is otherwise unable to, pursue this project and pay to Global Gold the amounts provided for hereunder, Caldera's rights to the Property and the shares of Marjan-Caldera Mining LLC shall be forfeited and replaced by a Net Smelter Royalty (the "NSR")." Caldera did not meet the threshold to earn any NSR under the agreement, and its notice of license non-compliance as well as its failure to pay resulted in an automatic termination of its rights by operation of the agreement. The agreement provided that Caldera would deliver 500,000 of its shares to Global, "subject to final approvals of this agreement by the TSX Venture Exchange." The TSX Venture Exchange approval was issued in June and Caldera failed to deliver the shares. Subject to a 30 day extension if it could not raise the funds in capital markets, Caldera agreed to make a \$300,000 payment to the Company on September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2010; \$250,000 on March 30, 2011, June 30, 2011, September 30, 2011, December 30, 2011, March 30, 2012, June 30, 2012, and September 30, 2012; and \$500,000 on December 31, 2012. Caldera raised sufficient funds, but did not make these payments.

In addition, Global's October 7, 2010 termination notice noted Caldera's illegal behavior in registering charter changes harmful to and without the consent of Global, material misrepresentations on technical and other matters, and more. Caldera officials have also engaged in behavior at odds with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which the Company has reported to Armenian and United States Government officials. Caldera officials are currently under criminal investigation, and Global has brought an action pending in Armenian court to correct Caldera's illegal reregistration of share in Armenia. Separately, there is an arbitration pending in New York whereby Caldera is seeking confirmation through the American Arbitration Association of the joint venture's existence, and Global is seeking \$850,000 of accrued but unpaid amounts at the contractual rate of 10% interest, the 500,000 shares of stock Caldera failed to deliver in June 2010, and damages for Caldera's other breaches, non-performance, and attacks on Global. See Subsequent Events for an update.

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of any ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the Company's consolidated financial statements or results of operations. The Company has been brought to court by several former employees and contractors for unpaid salaries and invoices, respectively, as well as some penalties for non payment which totals approximately \$350,000. The Company has recorded a liability for the actual unpaid amounts due to these individuals of approximately \$130,000 as of June 30, 2011. The Company is currently, and will continue to, vigorously defending its position in courts against these claims that are without merit. The Company is also negotiating directly with these individuals outside of the courts in attempt to settle based on the amounts of the actual amounts due as recorded by the Company in exchange for prompt and full payment.

# 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 2, 2011, the Global Gold Corporation issued a press release announcing the July 29, 2011 Armenian court verdict confirming that Caldera Resources, Inc.'s registration and assumption of control through unilateral charter changes of the Marjan Mine and Marjan Mining Company, LLC were illegal and that ownership rests fully with Global Gold Mining, LLC (a wholly owned subsidiary of Global Gold Corporation). The decision becomes effective on August 29, 2011. Global has a security interest freezing the shares of Marjan Mining Company pending the formal turn-over or any appeal.

On August, 12, 2011, Conventus advised the Company that it has received an extension of the August 15, 2011 deadline in the July 24, 2009 contract concerning the Pureo property. The Company is awaiting signed written confirmation of that extension, but anticipates it will be provided.

Timing of monthly funding payments for Tukhmanuk has resulted in some work delays which resulted in the plant expansion not being able to keep up with the mining production, but the Company anticipates future funding and having plant capacity operating at 260,000 tonnes per year by the end of September, and expanding to a plant capacity of at least 300,000 tonnes per year thereafter.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

When used in this discussion, the words "expect(s)", "feel(s)", "believe(s)", "will", "may", "anticipate(s)" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, and are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. The provision of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 shall apply to any forward looking information in this Form 10-Q.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company had revenue of \$0 and \$94,943 in the same period last year. The decrease in revenue is primarily attributable to a decrease in sales of gold concentrate of \$94,943.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company's administrative and other expenses were \$1,275,272 which represented an increase of \$452,202 from \$823,070 in the same period last year. The expense increase was primarily attributable increased stock compensation expense of \$292,850, legal expense of \$90,244 and professional fees of \$56,500.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company's mine exploration costs were \$476,576 which represented an increase of \$260,862 from \$215,714 in the same period last year. The expense increase was primarily attributable to the increased activity at the Tukhmanuk Property of \$300,018, and decreased activity at the Chile property of \$37,285, at the Getik Property of \$1,237 and at the Marjan Property of \$633.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company's amortization and depreciation expenses were \$429,027 which represented a decrease of \$115,834 from \$544,861 in the same period last year. The expense decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in amortization of \$41,570 and depreciation expense of \$74,264.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company had interest expense of \$224,316 which represented a decrease of \$65,293 from \$289,609 in the same period last year. The expense decrease was attributable to a decrease in interest expense of \$207,140 on note payable to directors and an increase interest expense of \$141,847 on a secured line of credit both due to amounts borrowed.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of June 30, 2011, the Company's total assets were \$6,033,217, of which \$334,446 consisted of cash or cash equivalents.

The Company's plan of operation for at least the next twelve months ending June 30, 2012:

The Company's expected plan of operation for the calendar year 2011 is:

- (a) To implement the joint venture agreement with Consolidated Resources USA, LLC, to continue to operate expanded mining operations at Tukhmanuk where mining has reached or exceeded 1,000 tonnes per day, to expand the Tukhmanuk plant capacity to 300,000 tonnes per year, to continue and to expand gold and silver production at the Tukhmanuk property in Armenia, to generate income from offering services from the ISO certified lab operating at Tukhmanuk, and to continue to explore this property to confirm historical reserve reports, and to explore and develop Marjan, Getik and other mining properties in Armenia and to generate cash flow and establish gold, silver and other reserves;
- (b) To implement the sale agreement with Conventus Ltd. at the Pureo property in Chile;
- (c) To review and acquire additional mineral bearing properties in Chile, Armenia, and other countries; and
- (d) Pursue additional financing through private placements, debt and/or joint ventures.

The Company retained the right until December 31, 2009 to elect to participate at a level of up to 20% with Sterlite Gold Ltd. or any of its affiliates in any exploration project undertaken in Armenia. This agreement is governed by New York law and includes New York courts as choice of forum. On October 2, 2006, Vedanta Resources Plc announced that its tender offer to take control of Sterlite Gold Ltd. was successful which made it a successor to the twenty percent participation with Sterlite Gold Ltd. In September 2007, Vedanta (and Sterlite) announced that they had closed a stock sale transaction with GeoProMining Ltd., which made GeoProMining Ltd. and its affiliates the successors to the 20% participation right. The Company is now reviewing legal options to enforce the 20% right.

The Company retains the right to participate up to 20% in any new projects undertaken by the Armenian company Sipan 1, LLC and successors to and affiliates of Iberian Resources Limited, which merged with Tamaya Resources Limited, in Armenia, until August 15, 2015. In addition, the Company has a 2.5% NSR royalty on production from the Lichkvaz-Tei and Terterasar mines as well as from any mining properties in a 20 kilometer radius of the town of Aigedzor in southern Armenia. On February 28, 2007, Iberian Resources Limited announced its merger with Tamaya Resources Limited. However, as of December 31, 2008, Iberian Resources and Tamaya filed for bankruptcy in Australia and the Company has taken action to protect its rights. In 2009, the bankruptcy administrators sold the shares of Sipan 1, LLC to Terranova Overseas company organized in the United Arab Emirates which, on information and belief, includes local and foreign investors and which also assumes the continuing obligations of Sipan 1, LLC to Global Gold.

The Company also anticipates spending additional funds in Armenia and Chile for further exploration and development of its other properties as well as acquisition of new properties. The Company is also reviewing new technologies in exploration and processing. The Company anticipates that it will issue additional equity or debt to finance its planned activities. The Company anticipates that it might obtain additional financing from the holders of its Warrants to purchase 4,750,000 shares of Common Stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.15 per share, which expire on December 9, 2013. These Warrants were amended to an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. On October 25, 2010, in connection with the aforementioned warrants, the Company had 2,500,000 warrants exercised, out of 4,750,000 warrants available, for a total of \$250,000. On June 28, 2011, the Company had 250,000 warrants exercised for a total of \$25,000. The shares were issued pursuant to the exemptions from registration requirements of the Securities Act under Regulation D based upon representations and covenants provided by the respective purchasers. The Company anticipates that the balance of the 4,750,000 warrants will be exercised which will provide for an additional \$200,000 but these warrants have not been exercised as of the date of this filing.

The Company may engage in research and development related to exploration and processing at Tukhmanuk during 2011, and is purchasing processing plant and equipment assets to expand production.

The Company has received a going concern opinion from its independent public accounting firm. This means that our auditors believe that there is doubt that we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we raise additional capital to pay our bills. This is because the Company has not generated any substantial revenues. The Company has been able to continue based upon its receipt of funds from the issuance of equity securities and by acquiring assets or paying expenses by issuing stock, debt, or sale of assets. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its continued ability to raise funds through the issuance of securities. Management's plans in this regard are to obtain other financing until profitable operation and positive cash flow are achieved and maintained.

Besides the funding from agreements with both Conventus Ltd. and Consolidated Resources USA, LLC, there are no firm commitments from third parties to provide additional financing and the Company needs additional funds in order to conduct any active mining development and production operations in the foreseeable future. Especially in light of the international financial crisis starting in 2008, there can be no assurance that any financing for acquisitions or future projects will be available for such purposes or that such financing, if available, would be on terms favorable or acceptable to the Company.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results or operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from the information provided in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

## New Accounting Standards

Please see Note 2 of the Notes to Financial Statements in this quarterly report concerning new accounting standards.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company does not hold any market risk sensitive instruments nor does it have any foreign currency exchange agreements. The Company maintains an inventory of unprocessed ore and gold concentrate which are carried on the balance sheet at \$617,651 and \$564,554, respectively, with our Armenian subsidiary Mego-Gold LLC. The Company does not maintain any commodity hedges or futures arrangements with respect to this unprocessed ore.

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash. The Company places its cash with high credit quality financial institutions in the United States and Armenia. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, bank deposits in the United States did not exceed federally insured limits. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had approximately \$282,000 and \$9,800, respectively, in Armenian bank deposits and approximately \$800 and \$800, respectively, in Chilean bank deposits, which may not be insured. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts through June 30, 2011 and as of the date of this filing.

The majority of the Company's present activities are in Armenia and Chile. As with all types of international business operations, currency fluctuations, exchange controls, restrictions on foreign investment, changes to tax regimes, political action and political instability could impair the value of the Company's investments.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), as of March 31, 2011. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that our disclosure and controls are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's internal control report over financial reporting was not subject to attestation by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting except raw material and work in process physical inventories are being performed at the end of each quarter.

### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

GGH, which is the license holder for the Hankavan and Marjan properties, was the subject of corrupt and improper demands and threats from the former Minister of the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources of Armenia, Vardan Ayvazian. The Company reported this situation to the appropriate authorities in Armenia and in the United States. Although the Minister took the position that the licenses at Hankavan and Marjan were terminated, other Armenian governmental officials assured the Company to the contrary and Armenian public records confirmed the continuing validity of the licenses. The Company received independent legal opinions that all of its licenses are valid and remain in full force and effect, continued to work at those properties, and engaged international and local counsel to pursue prosecution of the illegal and corrupt practices directed against the subsidiary, including international arbitration. On November 7, 2006, the Company initiated the thirty-day good faith negotiating period (which is a prerequisite to filing for international arbitration under the 2003 SHA, LLC Share Purchase Agreement) with the three named shareholders and one previously undisclosed principal, Mr. Ayvazian The Company filed for arbitration under the rules under the International Chamber of Commerce, headquartered in Paris, France, ("ICC") on December 29, 2006. The forum for this arbitration is New York City, and the hearing is currently still pending. On June 25, 2008, the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York ruled that Mr. Ayvazian was required to appear as a respondent in the ICC arbitration. On September 5, 2008, the ICC International Court of Arbitration ruled that Mr. Ayvazian shall be a party in accordance with the decision rendered on June 25, 2008 by the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York. In addition and based on the US Armenia Bilateral Investment Treaty,

Global Gold Mining filed a request for arbitration against the Republic of Armenia for the actions of the former Minister of Environment and Natural Resources with the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes, which is a component agency of the World Bank in Washington, D.C., ("ICSID") on January 29, 2007. On August 31, 2007, the Government of Armenia and Global Gold Mining jointly issued the following statement, "{they} jointly announce that they have suspended the ICSID arbitration pending conclusion of a detailed settlement agreement. The parties have reached a confidential agreement in principle, and anticipate that the final settlement agreement will be reached within 10 days of this announcement." The Company has learned from public records that GeoProMining Ltd., through an affiliate, has become the sole shareholder of an Armenian Company, Golden Ore, LLC, which was granted an illegal and competing license for Hankavan. GeoProMining Ltd. is subject to the 20% obligations as successor to Sterlite Resources, Ltd. As of February 25, 2008 Global Gold Mining has entered into a conditional, confidential settlement agreement with the Government of the Republic of Armenia to discontinue the ICSID arbitration proceedings. This agreement does not affect the pending ICC arbitration involving similar subject matter.

On June 17, 2010, Global Gold Corporation and its subsidiary Global Gold Mining, LLC (collectively "Global") and Caldera Resources, Inc ("Caldera") announced TSX-V approval of their March 24, 2010 joint venture agreement to explore and bring the Marjan property into commercial production. As previously reported, the property is held with a twenty-five year "special mining license," effective April 22, 2008 and expiring April 22, 2033, which expanded the prior license term and substantially increased the license area. The license required payments of annual governmental fees and the performance of work at the property as submitted and approved in the mining plan which includes annual mining at 50,000 tonnes of mineralized rock, as well as exploration work to have additional reserves approved under Armenian Law in order to maintain the licenses in good standing. Caldera advised Global as well as governmental authorities that it would not be complying with the work requirements which prompted 90 day termination notices from the government and the October 7, 2010 joint venture termination notice from Global, which Global had agreed to keep the termination notice confidential until October 15, 2010.

The joint venture agreement provided that Caldera would be solely responsible for license compliance and conducting the approved mining plan, and that "[i]n the event that Caldera does not, or is otherwise unable to, pursue this project and pay to Global Gold the amounts provided for hereunder, Caldera's rights to the Property and the shares of Marjan-Caldera Mining LLC shall be forfeited and replaced by a Net Smelter Royalty (the "NSR")." Caldera did not meet the threshold to earn any NSR under the agreement, and its notice of license non-compliance as well as its failure to pay resulted in an automatic termination of its rights by operation of the agreement. The agreement provided that Caldera would deliver 500,000 of its shares to Global, "subject to final approvals of this agreement by the TSX Venture Exchange." The TSX Venture Exchange approval was issued in June and Caldera failed to deliver the shares. Subject to a 30 day extension if it could not raise the funds in capital markets, Caldera agreed to make a \$300,000 payment to the Company on September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2010; \$250,000 on March 30, 2011, June 30, 2011, September 30, 2011, December 30, 2011, March 30, 2012, June 30, 2012, and September 30, 2012; and \$500,000 on December 31, 2012. Caldera raised sufficient funds, but did not make these payments.

In addition, Global's October 7, 2010 termination notice noted Caldera's illegal behavior in registering charter changes harmful to and without the consent of Global, material misrepresentations on technical and other matters, and more. Caldera officials have also engaged in behavior at odds with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which the Company has reported to Armenian and United States Government officials. Caldera officials are currently under criminal investigation, and Global has brought an action pending in Armenian court to correct Caldera's illegal reregistration of share in Armenia. Separately, there is an arbitration pending in New York whereby Caldera is seeking confirmation through the American Arbitration Association of the joint venture's existence, and Global is seeking \$850,000 of accrued but unpaid amounts at the contractual rate of 10% interest, the 500,000 shares of stock Caldera failed to deliver in June 2010, and damages for Caldera's other breaches, non-performance, and attacks on Global.

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of any ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the Company's consolidated financial statements or results of operations. The Company has been brought to court by several former employees and contractors for unpaid salaries and invoices, respectively, as well as some penalties for non payment which totals approximately \$350,000. The Company has recorded a liability for the actual unpaid amounts due to these individuals of approximately \$130,000 as of June 30, 2011. The Company is currently, and will continue to, vigorously defending its position in courts against these claims that are without merit. The Company is also negotiating directly with these individuals outside of the courts in attempt to settle based on the amounts of the actual amounts due as recorded by the Company in exchange for prompt and full payment.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceed	ls.
None	
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.	
None	
Item 4.	
None	
Item 5. Other Information.	
None	
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# Item 6. Exhibits.

The following documents are filed as part of this report:

Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company, including Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and as of December 31, 2010; Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, and for the exploration stage period from January 1, 1995 through June 30, 2011, and Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, and for the exploration stage period from January 1, 1995 through June 30, 2011 and the Exhibits which are listed on the Exhibit Index

Exhibit 3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, effective November 20, 2003. (1)
Exhibit 3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, effective November 20, 2003. (2)
Exhibit 10.1	Madre De Dios Mining Property Joint Venture Agreement and Options for Chiloe and Ipun Island properties dated as of August 9, 2007. (3)
Exhibit 10.2	Commitment to Contribute Mining Concession to a Contractual Mining Company (Unofficial English Translation) dated as of August 19, 2007. (4)
Exhibit 10.3	Contractual Mining Company Agreement (Unofficial English Translation) dated as of October 29, 2007. (5)
Exhibit 10.4	Private Placement Agreement, dated December 8, 2008. (6)
Exhibit 10.5	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 11, 2009, by and between Global Gold Corporation and Van Krikorian. (7)
Exhibit 10.6	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 11, 2009, by and between Global Gold Mining, LLC and Ashot Boghossian. (8)
Exhibit 10.7	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 11, 2009, by and between Global Gold Corporation and Jan Dulman. (9)
Exhibit 10.8	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 11, 2009, by and between Global Gold Corporation and Lester Caesar. (10)
Exhibit 10.9	Armenian State Natural Resources Agency Decision N234 on the Recalculation of Reserves for Toukhmanuk – delivered Friday, November 13, 2009 – Partial Unofficial Translation . (11)
Exhibit 10.10	Material Contract – Marjan Joint Venture Agreement dated as of December 18, 2009. (12)
Exhibit 10.11	Material Contract – Mego Gold, LLC Gold Concentrate Supply Contract with Industrial Minerals SA dated as of February 25, 2010. (13)
Exhibit 10.12	Material Contract – Mego Gold, LLC Security Agreement with Industrial Minerals SA dated as of February 25, 2010. (14)
Exhibit 10.13	Material Contract – Global Gold Corporation Guarantee to Industrial Minerals SA dated as of February 25, 2010. (15)
Exhibit 10.14	Material Contract – Marjan Joint Venture Agreement dated as of March 24, 2010. (16)
Exhibit 10.15	Material Contract – (Unofficial English Translation) Mego Gold, LLC non revolving credit line from Armbusinessbank signed March 26, 2010. (17)

Lamon 10.10	Employment rigidement, dated as of riagust 17, 2010, by and between Global Gold Corporation and Brary Ganagner. (10)
Exhibit 10.17	Material Agreement – Debt cancellation and restructuring with conversion rights. (19)
Exhibit 10.18	Material Agreement – October 27, 2010 signed agreement for the sale of Compania Minera Global Gold Valdivia S.C.M. company to Conventus Ltd. (20)
Exhibit 10.19	Material Contract – Global Gold Corporation and Consolidated Resources USA, LLC Joint Venture Agreement dated as of March 17, 2011. (21)
Exhibit 10.20	Material Contract – Global Gold Corporation and Consolidated Resources Joint Venture Agreement dated as of April 27, 2011. (22)
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 (a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 (a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation
	nation is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and

Employment Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2010, by and between Global Gold Corporation and Drury Gallagher. (18)

Exhibit 10.16

- \* XBRL information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.
- (1) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's annual report on 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the SEC on March 31, 2008.
- (2) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's annual report on 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the SEC on March 31, 2008.
- (3) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 7, 2007.
- (4) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 7, 2007.
- (5) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 1, 2007.
- (6) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2009.
- (7) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the quarterly report on 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2009.
- (8) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the quarterly report on 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2009.
- (9) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the quarterly report on 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2009.

- (10) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the quarterly report on 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2009.
- (11) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2009.
- (12) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 22, 2009.

- (13) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2010.
- (14) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2010.
- (15) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2010.
- (16) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 25, 2010.
- (17) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 30, 2010.
- (18) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the quarterly report on 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2010, filed with the SEC on August 23, 2010.
- (19) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 22, 2010.
- (20) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 1, 2010.
- (21) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 21, 2011.
- (22) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 2, 2011.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

# GLOBAL GOLD CORPORATION

Date: August 22, 2011 By: /s/ Van Z. Krikorian

Van Z. Krikorian Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Van Z. Krikorian, certify that:
- 1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Global Gold Corporation for the period ended June 30, 2011;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Quarterly Report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(b)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Quarterly Report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Quarterly Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this Quarterly Report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 22, 2011 /s/ Van. Z. Krikorian

Van. Z. Krikorian

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATIONS

I, Jan E. Dulman, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Global Gold Corporation for the quarter ended June 30, 2011;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Quarterly Report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(b)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Quarterly Report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Quarterly Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this Quarterly Report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 22, 2011 /s/ Jan E. Dulman

Jan E. Dulman Chief Financial Officer

#### CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

Each of the undersigned, in his capacity as an officer of Global Gold Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2011 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 22, 2011 /s/ Van Z. Krikorian

Van Z. Krikorian

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 22, 2011 /s/ Jan E. Dulman

Jan E. Dulman

Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.